Cellular and Molecular Biology

Program and Application Information

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Fax: (701) 231-7841
Department Phone: (701) 231-6456
Department Email: madonna.fitzgerald@ndsu.edu
Department Web Site: www.ndsu.edu/cellularmolecularbiology/
Application Deadline: February 15 is the deadline for applicants seeking consideration of financial assistance (fellowship, assistantships) for fall semester and July 1 for spring semester.

Degrees Offered: Ph.D.
Test Requirement: GRE
English Proficiency Requirements: TOEFL iBT 71; IELTS 6

Program Description

The CMB program was formed in 1988 and was the first interdisciplinary graduate program at NDSU. The program was designed to respond to the evolving nature of research in the life sciences in which it was recognized that biological phenomena emerge from molecular and cellular events and that the elucidation of such processes increasingly relies on multidisciplinary approaches.

The CMB program provides cross training of graduate students in the areas of biochemistry and cellular and molecular biology. In this setting, students learn the most up-to-date approaches from a variety of fields. Integration across concepts as well as the application of various approaches to addressing biological problems is developed through their preliminary exam, in which students are required to write a research proposal in the format of a national granting agency different from their dissertation research, and to defend it orally. The students also develop and conduct an original line of research under the supervision of their major adviser. The program also brings together faculty with common interests and who use common approaches and equipment. Such a community of scientists fosters collaboration and engenders a sense of cooperation that leads to shared use of common equipment.

The CMB program prepares students for careers in academia and private industry. All graduates of the program have obtained permanent positions in their field or are engaged in postdoctoral training.

Nearly 40 faculty members in many different departments and representing a variety of colleges participate as faculty mentors. The program is led by the CMB Director, who receives guidance on policy, procedure, and program administration from a multidisciplinary group of faculty who serve on the CMB Steering Committee.

Admission Requirements

The Cellular and Molecular Biology Ph.D. program is open to qualified graduates of universities and colleges of recognized standing. To be admitted with full status to the program, the applicant must:

- Hold a baccalaureate degree from an educational institution of recognized standing.
- Have earned a cumulative grade point average (GPA) in all courses of at least 3.0 or equivalent at the baccalaureate level. Applications may be submitted directly to The Graduate School at any time.
- Have adequate preparation and show potential to undertake advanced study and research as evidenced by academic performance and experience.
- If possible, applicants should identify at least one Cellular and Molecular Biology faculty member with whom they wish to study.

A recent score (within 12 months) for the general Graduate Record Examination or successful completion of a relevant M.S. degree is required. No minimum GRE score is required, but investigators may use this as a piece of evidence in consideration of the student’s application. Foreign students are required to have proficiency in English as shown by a TOEFL iBT of 71 or higher or an IELTS of 5.5 or higher, unless they have matriculated from an institution in which instruction is conducted in English.

The following undergraduate courses are required for graduate work in the CMB program:

- Biology - One year of general biology with laboratory and one course in genetics are required. Cellular biology or cellular physiology, animal or plant physiology, and microbiology are recommended.
- Chemistry - One year of general chemistry with laboratory and two sequential terms of organic chemistry with laboratory are required. Biochemistry is recommended.
- Mathematics - Two terms of life sciences calculus are required.
• **Physics** - Two sequential terms of general physics with laboratories (above the concept level) are required.
• Recommended - introductory courses in computer science, statistics, and technical writing.
• With program approval, up to 3 courses may be attempted within the first year of resident study to correct deficiencies in required courses. Graduate credit will not be earned for these courses.

**Participating Departments/Programs**

North Dakota State University offers an interdisciplinary program leading to the doctoral degree in Cellular and Molecular Biology. The CMB program is a joint effort of the Colleges of Agriculture, Food Systems, Natural Resources; Science and Math; Health Professions; and Engineering and includes the Departments of Animal Sciences, Biological Sciences, Chemistry and Biochemistry, Coatings and Polymeric Materials, Electrical & Computer Engineering (Bioengineering), Microbiological Sciences, Pharmaceutical Sciences, Physics, and Plant Sciences.

**Financial Assistance**

Self-funded students who provide their own support through sponsored funding sources (governmental or grant funding only) may contact CMB faculty members with whom they wish to work or the CMB Director to inquire which investigators are accepting students so that a successful research mentorship can be arranged.

While the CMB program offers a limited number of competitive graduate assistantships that includes a full tuition waiver, financial support is usually provided by the department or laboratory in which the student will carry out research. Therefore, applicants are encouraged to research participating faculty members’ areas of expertise and identify them in their statement of purpose. Students are encouraged to contact those with whom they would like to work regarding availability of positions and funding. In instances where specific investigators are not identified in the Statement of Purpose, the Director will contact faculty members who are accepting new students for their appraisal of the application.

**Program Objectives**

The CMB program has been designed to respond to the evolving nature of research in the life sciences in which it was recognized that biological phenomena emerge from molecular and cellular events and that the elucidation of such processes increasingly relies on multidisciplinary approaches. In addition, new applications of sensor technology, disease diagnosis and treatment, and other emerging technologies require that scientists work across historical boundaries of their disciplines.

This is a research-oriented degree that requires advanced skills areas of biochemistry, cellular biology, molecular biology, and contemporary research techniques. Prospective students must have a high quantitative aptitude and be prepared to undertake rigorous graduate-level training in research including quantitative methods.

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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 701</td>
<td>Comprehensive Biochemistry I (required)</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOC 702</td>
<td>Comprehensive Biochemistry II (required)</td>
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<tr>
<td>BOT 820</td>
<td>Advanced Cell Biology</td>
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Select one of the following:

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<th>Course Code</th>
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<tr>
<td>BIOC 719</td>
<td>Molecular Biology of Gene Expression and Regulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MICR 783</td>
<td>Advanced Bacterial Genetics and Phage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLSC 731</td>
<td>Plant Molecular Genetics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 674</td>
<td>Methods of Recombinant DNA Technology (required)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLSC 684</td>
<td>Plant Tissue Culture and Biotechnology</td>
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Each student is expected to seek out professional development by attending regular seminars in their home department or in conjunction with their research interests (for example, a seminar series or COBRE science series). Students are required to present at least one scientific seminar per year throughout the program. In addition, students will supplement their knowledge of molecular biology, cell biology, and research techniques by fulfilling the remaining credits in their plan of study with a selection from the following list of electives. Other appropriate electives may be used if approved by the student’s advisory committee, as well as the program Director with input from the Steering Committee:

**Molecular Biology**

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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
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<tr>
<td>ANSC 773</td>
<td>Energy Metabolism</td>
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<tr>
<td>ANSC 774</td>
<td>Nitrogen Metabolism</td>
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<tr>
<td>ANSC 875</td>
<td>Vitamins and Minerals</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOC 716</td>
<td>Protein and Enzyme Biochemistry</td>
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<td>BIOC 723</td>
<td>Structural Basis of Membrane Transport and Signaling</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 679</td>
<td>Biomedical Genetics and Genomics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PSCI 746</td>
<td>Neuropharmacology</td>
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<tr>
<td>PSCI 747</td>
<td>Cardiovascular Pharmacology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCI 762</td>
<td>Advanced Biopharmaceutics</td>
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</table>
The cell types found in the skin are listed below. The most common cell types found in the skin are keratinocytes, which make up the majority (90%) of the epidermis. These cells are responsible for producing keratin, a protein that gives the skin its strength and resilience. Additionally, the skin contains melanocytes, which produce melanin, the pigment that gives skin its color. Other cell types found in the skin include Langerhans cells, which are involved in the immune response, and Merkel cells, which are specialized sensory cells that detect touch.

The skin is also home to various types of blood vessels and nerves, which are essential for maintaining its function. The blood vessels supply the skin with oxygen and nutrients, while the nerves provide sensory input to the brain. The skin's unique layering and cell types work together to provide a barrier against harmful pathogens and the environment, while still allowing the body to communicate with the outside world.
Purdue University, 2000
Field: Structure Biology with a Focus on the Biochemistry of Proteins Involved In Iron Import and Utilization

Glenn Dorsam
Microbiological Sciences
Virginia Commonwealth University, 1998
Field: Epigenetic Regulation

Anna Grazul-Bilska
Animal Sciences
University of Agriculture and Technology, 1983
Field: Animal Embryology and Reproductive Physiology and Endocrinology, Assisted Reproductive Technology

Kendra Greenlee
Biological Sciences
Arizona State University, 2004
Field: Developmental Physiology and Immunology

Tim Greives
Biological Sciences
Indiana University, 2009
Endocrine Regulation of Seasonality, Reproductive Neuroendocrinology, Hormones and Behavior

Jill Hamilton
Biological Sciences
University of British Columbia - 2012
Field: Plant Evolutionary Genomics

Lauren Hanna
Animal Sciences
Texas A&M University, 2013
Field: Quantitative Genetics, Animal Breeding, Whole System Approaches To Genomic Associations of Quantitative Traits

Stuart Haring
Chemistry and Biochemistry
Texas A&M University, 2013
Field: Cellular DNA Duplication (Replication) and Mutation Prevention (Repair)

Britt Heidinger
Biological Sciences
University of Iowa, 2004
Field: Physiological Ecology

Yagna Jarajapu
Pharmaceutical Sciences
Indiana University, 2007
Field: Bone Marrow Dysfunction and Vascular Repair in Diabetes, ACE2-Angiotensin-(1-7)/Mas Receptor Pathway in Bone Marrow Cells, Regulation of Bone Marrow Mobilization by Leptin

Estelle Leclerc
Pharmaceutical Sciences
Glasgow Caledonian University, 2002
Field: Melanoma, Pancreatic Cancer; Monoclonal Antibodies as Diagnostic and Therapeutic Agents; Mechanism of RAGE Signaling

Guodong Liu
Chemistry and Biochemistry
Hunan University, 2001
Field: Development of Nano-Bioprobes for Biosensors and Bioassays for Detection of Nucleic Acids and Proteins

Phil Mcclean
Plant Sciences
University of Paris XI, 1994
Field: Dry Bean Genetics and Biotechnology

Dharmakeerthi "Karthik" Nawarathna
Stephen O’Rourke  
Pharmaceutical Sciences  
University of Wisconsin-Madison, 1995  
Field: Cerebral Vascular Function in Health and Disease

Birgit Pruess  
Microbiological Sciences  
Ruhr-Universitat Bochum, 1991  
Field: Bacterial Physiology, Biofilm Biology, and Food Safety

Steven Qian  
Pharmaceutical Sciences  
University of Iowa, 1999  
Field: Chemistry and Biology of Free Radical and COX-Catalyzed Fatty Acid Peroxidation as Related to Human Health and Disease

Mohi Quadir  
Coatings and Polymeric Materials  
Freie University of Berlin, 2010  
Field: Polymeric Materials for Drug Delivery

Sheela Ramamoorthy  
Microbiological Sciences  
Virginia Tech, 2006  
Field: Virology, Immunology, and Vaccinology

Jiajia Rao  
Plant Sciences  
University of Massachusetts-Amherst, 2013  
Field: Food Chemistry and Ingredient Technology

Katie Reindl  
Biological Sciences  
North Dakota State University, 2006  
Field: Cancer Cell Biology, Cancer Prevention and Treatment, Evaluating Bioactive Food Components

Larry Reynolds  
Animal Sciences  
Iowa State University, 1983  
Field: Nutrition and Pregnancy in Ruminants

Kenton Rodgers  
Chemistry and Biochemistry  
University of Iowa, 1988  
Field: Inorganic and Bioinorganic Chemistry

Jane Schuh  
Microbiological Sciences  
North Dakota State University, 2002  
Field: Environmental Allergic Asthma Triggered By Mold

Sangita Sinha  
Chemistry and Biochemistry  
Purdue University, 2000  
Field: Biochemistry and Structural Biology of Host-Pathogen Interactions

Kristine Steffen  
Pharmaceutical Sciences  
North Dakota State University, 2007  
Field: Biology of Obesity and Post-Bariatric Outcomes, Gastrointestinal Microbiome Research

Chengwen Sun
Pharmaceutical Sciences
Jilin University, 2000
Field: Blood Pressure Regulation, Cell Signaling

**Kendall Swanson**
Animal Sciences
University of Kentucky, 2000
Field: Ruminant Nutrition, Energy Metabolism, Protein Metabolism, Pancreatic Function, Beef Cattle Production

**Sathish Venkatachalem**
Pharmaceutical Sciences
University of Madras
Field: Pulmonary Physiology and Pharmacology

**Danling Wang**
Electrical and Computer Engineering
Peking University, 2003; University of Washington, 2014
Field: Sensor Design, Fabrication, and Application of Early-State Human Disease Monitoring and Diagnosis

**Alison Ward**
Animal Sciences
University of Saskatchewan, 2011
Field: Livestock Epigenetics, Nutrient-Gene Interactions, and Developmental Programming

**John Wilkinson**
Chemistry and Biochemistry
Vanderbilt University, 2001
Field: Cancer Cell Metabolism, Cell Death Pathways, Mitochondrial Gene Expression, Animal Models of Tumorigenesis

**Qifeng Zhang**
Electrical and Computer Engineering
Peking University, 2001
Field: Nanomaterials for Sensor and Biomedical Applications, Nanotechnology